## Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Chapter 13.1 Homework Conceptual Physics

Parent Signature:

Each numbered question is worth one point unless otherwise noted.

## **Reviewing Concepts**

1. Draw a circuit diagram for a circuit containing a battery and two bulbs in series.

2. Is the current at every point in a series circuit the same? Explain.

3. One of the bulbs burns out in a string of lights. What happens to the current in the circuit? What happens to the other bulbs?

4. Explain how to calculate the total resistance in a series circuit.

5. As more bulbs are added to a series circuit, what happens to the resistance of the circuit? What happens to the brightness of the bulbs?

6. Explain Kirchhoff's voltage law.

## **Solving Problems**

1. A series circuit contains 5- $\Omega$ , 3- $\Omega$ , and 8- $\Omega$  resistors. What is the total resistance of the circuit?

2. A circuit contains a 9-V battery and two identical bulbs. What is the voltage drop across each bulb?

3. A circuit contains a 12-V battery and two 3- $\Omega$  bulbs in series. Draw a circuit diagram and use it to find the current in the circuit and the voltage drop across each bulb.

4. A circuit contains a 12-V battery and three 1- $\Omega$  bulbs in series. Draw a circuit diagram and use it to find the current in the circuit.

5. Calculate the total resistance of each circuit as shown on #5 on page 335. Then, calculate the current in each. (3 points)

B.

C.

A.

6. A circuit contains two 1- $\Omega$  bulbs in series. The current in the circuit is 1.5 A. What is the voltage provided by the batteries?

7. A circuit contains two identical resistors in series. The current is 3 A, and the batteries have a total voltage of 24-V. What is the total resistance of the circuit? What is the resistance of each device?