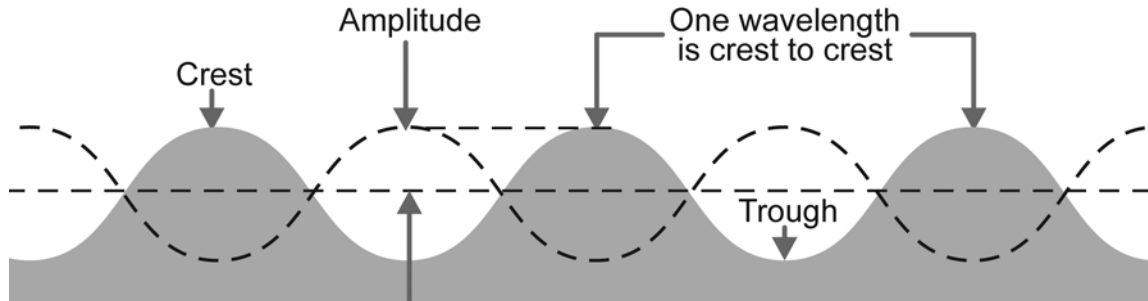


## 19A Waves

### Read:

A **wave** is a traveling oscillator that carries energy from one place to another. A high point of a wave is called a **crest**. A low point is called a **trough**. The amplitude of a wave is half the distance from a crest to a trough. The distance from one crest to the next is called the **wavelength**. Wavelength can also be measured from trough to trough or from any point on the wave to the next place where that point occurs.



### SPEED OF A WAVE

$$\text{Speed (m/s)} \quad \nu = f \lambda$$

Frequency (Hz)
Wavelength (m)

### Example:

The frequency of a wave is 40 Hz and its speed is 100 meters per second. What is the wavelength of this wave?

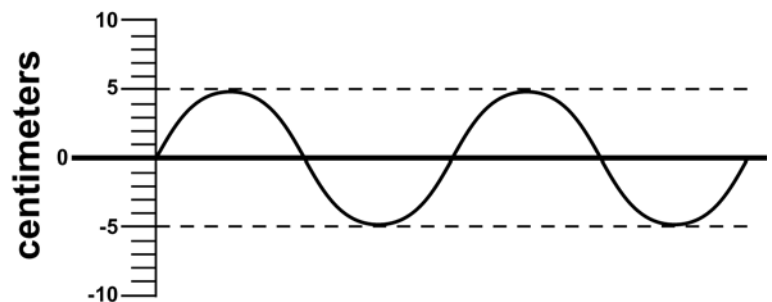
#### Solution:

$$\frac{100 \text{ m/s}}{40 \text{ Hz}} = \frac{100 \text{ m/s}}{40 \text{ cycles/s}} = 2.5 \text{ meters per cycle}$$

The wavelength is 2.5 meters.

### Practice:

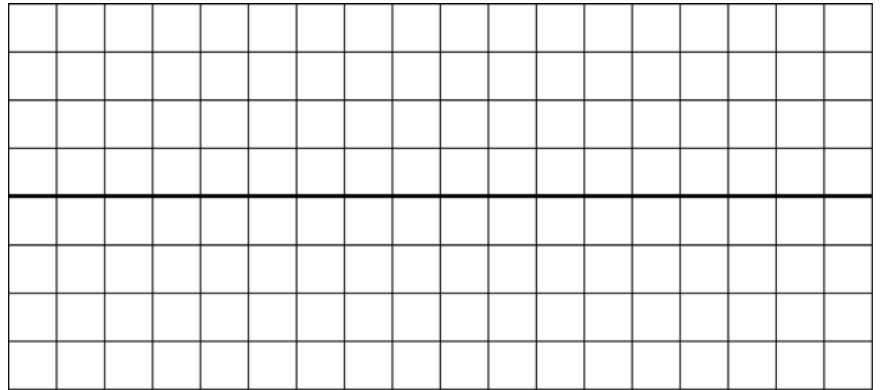
1. On the graphic at right label the following parts of a wave: one wavelength, half of a wavelength, the amplitude, a crest, and a trough.
  - a. How many wavelengths are represented in the wave above?



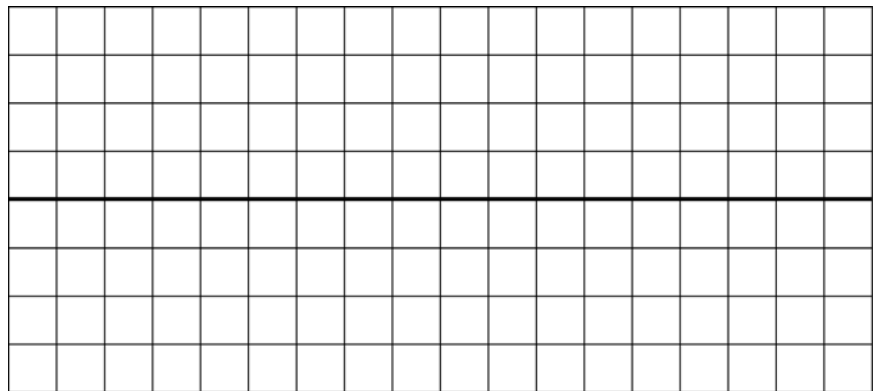
- b. What is the amplitude of the wave shown above?

2. Use the grids below to draw the following waves. Be sure to label the  $y$ -axis to indicate the measurement scale.

- a. A wave with an amplitude of 1 cm and a wavelength of 2 cm



- b. A wave with an amplitude of 1.5 cm and a wavelength of 3 cm



3. A water wave has a frequency of 2 hertz and a wavelength of 5 meters. Calculate its speed.

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4. A wave has a speed of 50 m/s and a frequency of 10 Hz. Calculate its wavelength.

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5. A wave has a speed of 30 m/s and a wavelength of 3 meters. Calculate its frequency.

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6. A wave has a period of 2 seconds and a wavelength of 4 meters. Calculate its frequency and speed.

*Note: Recall that the frequency of a wave equals  $1/\text{period}$  and the period of a wave equals  $1/\text{frequency}$ .*

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7. A sound wave travels at 330 m/s and has a wavelength of 2 meters. Calculate its frequency and period.

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8. The frequency of wave A is 250 hertz and the wavelength is 30 centimeters. The frequency of wave B is 260 hertz and the wavelength is 25 centimeters. Which is the faster wave?
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9. The period of a wave is equal to the time it takes for one wavelength to pass by a fixed point. You stand on a pier watching water waves and see 10 wavelengths pass by in a time of 40 seconds.
- a. What is the period of the water waves?
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- b. What is the frequency of the water waves?
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- c. If the wavelength is 3 meters, what is the wave speed?
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